INSTITUTE OF BANKING PERSONNEL SELECTION BANK CLERK-2018 PRELIMS PAPER

Based on Memory

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION (OBJECTIVE)*

	KELIMINAKI EXAMINATION (OBSECTIVE)						
Sr. No	Name of Tests	No. of Questions	Maximum Marks	Time allotted for each test (Separately timed)			
1.	English Language	30	30	20 minutes			
2.	Numerical Ability	35	35	20 minutes			
3.	Reasoning Ability	35	35	20 minutes			
	Total	100	100	60 minutes			

Candidates have to qualify in each of the three tests by securing cut-off marks to be decided by IBPS. Adequate number of candidates in each category as decided by IBPS depending upon requirements will be shortlisted for Online Main examination.

INSTRUCTIONS

- (i) Do not use calculators, or any electronic medium for calculations. You may take a clean sheet of paper for rough work and all calculations must be performed manually by the candidate.
- (ii) There will be penalty for wrong answer marked by you in the objective tests. There are five alternatives in every question of a test.
- (iii) For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by you, 1/4 or 0.25 of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty. If a question is left blank, i.e. no answer is given by you, there will be no penalty for that question.
- (iv) There will be a cut off for each section and an overall cut off as well. Hence, your aim should be to answer maximum number of attempts in all three sections.



ENGLISH LANGUAGE

- 1. This question comprises three sentences (A), (B) and (C) each of which comprises a sentence using the word OVER. Identify the sentence(s) where the word has been correctly used and select that combination/option as your answer.
 - (A) Over 50 percent of the population is below the age of 35.
 - (B) The two families fought bitterly over the land.
 - (C) He is ready to take over the company.
 - (1) All (A), (B) and (C) (2) Only (C) (3) Only (A)
 - (4) Only (A) and (B) (5) Only (B) and (C)
- 2. This question comprises three sentences (A), (B) and (C) each of which comprises a sentence using the word WAIT. Identify the sentence(s) where the word has been correctly used and select that combination/option as your answer.
 - (A) Wait your options before investing
 - (B) How long must we wait?
 - (C) The longer the wait time the less is the chance of recovery
 - (1) Only (A) and (C) (2) Only (C) (3) Only (B) and (C)
 - (4) All (A), (B) and (C) (5) Only (A)

Directions (Qs.3-10): Read the following passage and answer the given questions. Certain words/phrases are given in **bold** to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

"What are friends for?" This isn't a rhetorical question. Friendship is one of life's most important features, and one too often taken to for granted. The human desire for companionship may feel boundless, but research suggests that our social capital is finite – we can handle only so many relationships at one time. Social scientists have used a number of ingenious approaches to gauge the size of people's social networks; these have given estimates ranging from about 250 to about 5,500 people. Looking more specifically at friendship, a study using the exchange of Christmas cards as a proxy for closeness put the average person's friend group at about 121 people.

However vast our networks may be, our inner circle tends to be much smaller. The average American trusts only 10 to 20 people. Moreover, that number may be shrinking. From 1985 to 2004, the average number of confidants that people reported having decreased from three to two. This is both sad and consequential, because people who have strong social relationships and friendships tend to live longer than those who don't.

So what should you do if your social life is lacking? To begin with, **don't dismiss the humble acquaintance**. Even interacting with people with whom one has weak social ties has a meaningful influence on well-being. Beyond that, building **deeper** friendships may be largely a matter of putting in time. A recent study out of the University of Kansas found that it takes about 50 hours of socializing to go from acquaintance to casual friend, an additional 40 hours to become a "real" friend, and a total of 200 hours to become a close friend.

If that sound likes too much effort, reviving dormant social ties can be especially rewarding. Reconnected friends can quickly recapture much of the trust they previously built, while offering each other a **dash** of novelty drawn from whatever they've been up to in the meantime. Self-disclosure makes us more likable, and as a bonus, we are more inclined to like those to whom we have bared our soul.

	passage? (1) lower	(2) financial	(3) tran	sparent (4)	hidden	(5) se	cret	
4.	acquaintanc (1) To encour (2) To caution (3) To urge us (4) None of th	he author us e"? Tage us to be hu In us not to deve Is to befriend the The given options Tage us to limit o	mble and lop too m ose who a	never bear any acquail re not finar	grudges ntances		the	humble
5.	(A) It is benef (B) Studies sh (C) We have t (1) Only (B)	the passage, wh ficial for one's w now that having the capacity to h A), (B) and (C)	rell-being meaningf nandle an (2) Only	ful friendshi unlimited r (A) and (E	ip increase number of	s one's li	fespar os	า
6.	(A) The size of(B) American friendships.		aries. al and of of close (2) Only	all nationa	alities have	the larg	gest n	to social
7.	(1) Make frier(2) Have a bo(3) Avoid acq(4) The value	following does to nds oundless social coundless and housintance and housing is of friendship is of dormant friend	ircle ave real f exaggera	riends ted	me			
8.	passage?	following is the			as the wo			
9.	(1) All the giv(2) We often(3) Self-disclo(4) We shoulnot important	following is/are yen options are to fail to properly a posure is risky as do not devote many those we have	rue appreciate people w nuch time	e friendship ill betray yo to acquair	ou ntances as	these re		ships are
10.	cited in the pa (1) People ha (2) We are no (3) All the giv (4) By devotin	following was/vassage? ve vast social not wired to have yen options can ag time one can ble do not realise	etworks to too many be concluded deepen a	oday v close relat ded i friendship	cionships a	t a time	of Kan	sas study

3. Which of the following is **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the word **deeper** as used in the

Directions (Qs.11-16): In each of these questions, a sentence has been divided into four parts denoted by (A), (B), (C) and (D). Read the sentence to find out if there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Select that part as your answer. If there is No error in the sentence, select 'No error' as your answer.

11.	(A) The anecdote shared/ (B)(D) at the conference.(1) (C)(4) (B)	by the main speaker/ (C) provi	ided some light relief/
		(2) No error (5) (A)	(3) (D)
12.	(A) The candidate's teamwor recruiters that he was/ (D) per (1) (B) (4) (C)	rk' skills/ (B) and determination rfect to the job. (2) (A) (5) No error	n convinced/ (C) the (3) (D)
13.	(A) It is good ideas / (B) to st you are going to visit.	tudy the culture/(C) and langua	ge of the country/ (D)
	(1) (A) (4) (B)	(2) (D) (5) No error	(3) (C)
14.	(A) There has been a hostil increase/ (D) in petrol prices.	le/ (B) reaction to the/ (C) g	jovernment's propose
	(1) (A) (4) (C)	(2) No error (5) (D)	(3) (B)
15.	(A) The security staff/ (B) were ministers at the summit.	nt to extremely to / (C) ensure	the safety of/ (D) the
	(1) (D) (4) (B)	(2) (A) (5) No error	(3) (C)
16.	(A) The minister promised/ question regarding a polls.	(B) a written response/ (C) to	the journalist's/ (D)
	(1) (A) (4) (D)	(2) (C) (5) No error	(3) (B)
17.	sentence using the word DUE		re the word has been

Directions (Qs.18-24): In the given passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G). Against each five options are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Please select the word that fits the blank appropriately and select that word as your answer.

If you are \dots (A)... up to work yearning to go back to bed, you're not alone. Nearly three quarters of the country's workers do so, a study by a staffing firm found, estimating that employee exhaustion \dots (B)... the economy billions annually. Some of the massive mistakes that professionals \dots (C)... to making while on the job included accidentally paying everyone twice and deleting a project that took 1,000 hours to assemble, \dots (D)... to the survey.

The continued workload that workers have, the stress associated with it, has a lot to do with lack of sleep because they tend to take work home. Apart from the ...(E)... on the business, it is simply bad for an individual's health to not get enough sleep. A good night's rest is how the body recovers and returns to a ...(F)... state. About a third of working professionals suffer from sleep deprivation on a daily basis. Chronic sleep loss can ...(G)... a person's health in many ways, including making you more susceptible to weight gain, high blood pressure, heart disease, diabetes and depression.

18.	What will replace (A) in the partial (1) arrive (4) come	assage? (2) showing (5) walks	(3) gone
19.	What will replace (B) in the part (1) spurns (4) downturns	assage? (2) profits (5) declines	(3) costs
20.	What will replace (C) in the pa (1) thought (4) agreed	assage? (2) found (5) decided	(3) confessed
21.	What will replace (D) in the part (1) according (4) designed	assage? (2) due (5) hold	(3) estimated
22.	What will replace (E) in the part (1) impact (4) issue	assage? (2) affect (5) risked	(3) problem
23.	What will replace (F) in the part (1) fulfil (4) productive	assage? (2) vulnerable (5) barren	(3) enriched
24.	What will replace (G) in the part (1) falters (4) improve	assage? (2) stressed (5) affect	(3) guides

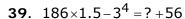
Directions (Qs.25-30): In these questions, a sentence is given, a part of which is highlighted in **bold**. Below the sentence options have been given. Select the option which will make the sentence grammatically and meaningfully correct. If the sentence is correct at it is, select 'No correction required' as the answer.

25. The possibility of failure is the biggest deterrent for **the trying avoiding** risks.

	(1) try for avoid	(2) the trial to avoid	(F) II
	(3) No correction required	(4) the avoidance	(5) those avoiding
26.	A lot rides on the company we deal with circumstances.	e keep as the opinions of our	peers affect the way we
	(1) No correction required(4) to deal on	(2) we deal by(5) dealing with	(3) having dealt with
27.	The accessibility of Internet a popular.	nd its reach in remote locat	ions is why reason it so
	(1) What makes it	(2) why	
	(3) No correction required	(4) how result is	(5) the reason for
28.	There are only tow locations guests.	which accommodates all	the requirements of our
	(1) No correction required(4) likely to accommodated		(3) that understood
29.	She could not exit her children	en out of sight even for a few	w hours.
	(1) Let her children(4) forced her child	(2) like her children(5) No correction required	(3) abandon the child
30.	The author went to law school	but eventually dropped or	it due to lack of interest.
		(2) to dropped out (5) will drops out	
	TO PARTY.		
	•		

NUMERICAL ABILITY

IVOI	MERICAL ADIEITI		
31.	shirts produced on Monday ar	ed on Monday and Tuesday tog nd Tuesday respectively were do ooth days was equal, how many	efective. If number of
	(1) 500 (4) None of these	(2) 300 (5) 600	(3) 400
32.	difference between quantities mixture was taken out and 1.	milk and water in the respective of milk and water in Jar-A was 3 stress of water added to Jar-A, tities of milk and water in jar-A? (2) 3: 1 (5) None of these	32 litres. If 12 litres of what will be the new
33.	When a 2-digit number (X) is the sum of digits of X is 11, when the sum of digits of X is 11, when the sum of digits of X is 11, when the sum of the sum of X is 11, when the x is 11, when the sum of X is 11, when the x is 11, when the sum of X is	reversed, the number so formed hat is the value of 'X + 21'? (2) 44 (5) 52	is 63 more than X. If (3) 40
34.	At the end of 8 months from	ith initial investments in the res the start of business, A left, if E what was the annual profit? (in (2) 24000 (5) 30000	3 received Rs.8000 as
35.	remaining salary in the respe and medical expenses respec	othly salary of Rs.40000 in mutu ctive ratio of 1 : 4 : 3 towards tively. What was the difference that spent towards groceries? (In (2) 4000 (5) 3600	house-rent, groceries between the amount
	ections (Qs.36-47): What wistions?	ill come in place of question n	nark (?) in the given
36.	?% of 600 + 2 ⁶ = 400 (1) 56 (4) 48	(2) 52 (5) 64	(3) 58
37.	$3300 \div ?+ \sqrt{961} = 75$ (1) 60 (4) 30	(2) 75 (5) 55	(3) 50
38.	$9\frac{7}{12} - ? + 1\frac{1}{6} = 4\frac{1}{2}$		_
	(1) $6\frac{2}{3}$	(2) $6\frac{1}{4}$	(3) $5\frac{5}{6}$
	(4) $6\frac{1}{2}$	(5) $6\frac{1}{3}$	



(1) 138

(2)148

(3)142

(5) 150

40. $\frac{900-8^3}{4} = ?$

(1)95

(2)99

(3)98

(4)94

(5)97

41. 84% of 500 – 25% of ? = 350

(1)280

(2) 160

(3)320

(4)200

(5)240

42.
$$\frac{\sqrt{729}}{?+3^3} = 0.54$$

(1)23

(2)41

(4)33

(5) 16

43.
$$96 - 14 \times 6 + 2 \times ? = 28$$

(1) 5(4)9

- (2) 8
- (5)6

44.
$$\frac{5}{27-?} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{8}$$

(1) 11(4) 15

(3) None of these

45.
$$\frac{?+2.8+5.6}{3.5-2.1}=15$$

- (1) 12.6
- (4) 11.4

- 2) 12.8

(3) 13.6

46.
$$2^{10} \div 2^? \div 2^{14} = \sqrt{256}$$

(1)4

(2) -4

(3) - 8

(4) -6

(5) None of these

47.
$$(63 - ?) \times 15 = 210$$

(1)43

(2)39

(3)49

(4)47

- (5)51
- 48. If the diagonal of a square of perimeter 60 cm is equal to the length of a rectangle (R) and R's breadth is $10\sqrt{2}cm$, what is R's area? (in cm.²)
 - (1)300

(2)600

(3)150

(4) $150\sqrt{2}$

- $(5) 300\sqrt{2}$
- 49. Working together, A and B can complete a given task in 24 days. If the efficiencies of A and B are in the respective ratio of 3: 2, in how many days can B alone complete half of the task?
 - (1) 10

(2) 18

(3)30

(4)20

(5)15

50. Ram purchased an item at Rs.3200 after getting 2 successive discounts of 20%. How much more would he have saved, had he got a flat discount of 40%? (in Rs.)

(1) 100

(2) 200

(3)600

(4) 500

(5)400

Directions (Qs.51-56): Study the table and answer the given questions.

Data regarding number of books sold by 4 stores in 4 months

Months Stores	April	May	June	July
Α	120	60	95	75
В	82	96	59	70
С	89	117	94	65
D	62	80	66	100

51.	What was the respective ratio between number of books sold by Store D in Jun
	and total number of books sold by stores A and B together in the same month?

(1) 2 : 5

(2)5:8

(3) 3 : 7

(4)4:7

(5)9:14

52. Number of books sold by store C in May was what % more than those sold by store C in July?

(1) 125

(2) 115

(3)180

(4) 75

(5)80

53. Out of number of books sold by store B in May, if 1/4th had defects, how many books did not have defects?

(1)60

(2) 64

(3)80

(4)72

(5) 68

54. What was the difference between total number of books sold by store D in May and July together and those sold by store A in the same months together?

(1) 40

(2) 30

(3) 45

(4)55

(5) 35

55. What was the average number of books sold by stores A, B and C in April?

(1)99

(2)97

3) 01

(4) 95

(5)98

56. If the stream's speed is 2.5 km/hr and the boat's speed (in still water) is 900% more than the stream's speed, what distance will the boat cover upstream in 4 hours? (in km.)

(1)90

(2) 110

(3)80

(4)85

(5) 100

Directions (Qs.57-59): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions:

Data regarding number of pairs of shoes (gents' & ladies') sold in 2 days (Saturday and Sunday) by a shopkeeper. 50 pairs of gents' shoes were sold on Sunday, which was 25% of total number of pairs of shoes (gents' + ladies') sold on both days together. Total number of pairs of ladies' shoes sold on both days together was 60% of that of gents' shoes sold on both days together. The number of pairs of ladies' shoes sold on Sunday was 5 less than that sold on Saturday.

	cs' shoes sold on both days to day was 5 less than that sold o	gether. The number of pairs of on Saturday.	ladies' shoes sold on
57 .		s of shoes (gents' + ladies') sold lirs of shoes (gents' + ladies') we (2) 60 (5) None of these	
58.	On Saturday, what was the reshoes sold and that of ladies's (1) 15:8 (4) 25:8	espective ratio between the nunshoes sold? (2) 9: 4 (5) 5: 2	nber of pairs of gents ^o
59.		nts' shoes was sold at Rs.400 on gents' shoes on Sunday? (in Rs. (2) 24000 (5) 16000	
	ections (Qs.60-64): What washer series?	ill come in place of question r	nark (?) in the given
60.	5 40 280 1680 8400 3 (1) 33800 (4) 34400	? (2) 32800 (5) 33200	(3) 33600
61.	20 10 10 15 30 ? (1) 105 (4) 120	(2) 60 (5) 75	(3) 90
62.	5 4 6 15 ? 2 75 (1) 60 (4) 64	(2) 45 (5) 56	(3) 52
63.	30 31 27 36 20 ? (1) 55 (4) 42	(2) 45 (5) 40	(3) 60
64.	400 394 376 346 ? 250 (1) 304 (4) 292) (2) 298 (5) 302	(3) 294
65.	50% more than the motorcyc	of 125 km by car and motorcycle cle's speed and the times taker al. What distance did Ram cov	to travel by car and

(1) 60

(2) 64

(3) 50

(4) 90

(5) 75

REASONING ABILITY

Directions (Qs.66-70): The following questions are based on the following five three-digit numbers:

417 258 326 738 681

66. If the positions of the first and the third digits within each number are interchanged, which number thus formed will be second largest number?

(1)738

(2)326

(3) 258

(4) 417

(5)681

67. If in each of the given numbers all the digits are arranged in descending order within the number, what will be the sum of all the three digits of the second lowest number thus formed?

(1) 15

(2) 14

(3) 11

(4) 13

(5) 12

68. In how many of the given numbers, the sum of the first and third digits is less than the second digit?

(1) Three

(2) None

(3) One

(4) Two

(5) More than three

69. If `1' is subtracted from all the even digits and `2' is added to all the odd digits in all the given numbers, in how many numbers thus formed will a digit appear twice?

(1) None

(2) One

(3) Two

(4) Three

(5) More than three

70. What will be the product of the first digit of the second highest number and the second digit of the third lowest number?

(1) 32

(2) 6

(3)24

(4) 21

(5) 16

71. If all the digits in the number 728195346 are arranged in descending order within the number, the position(s) of how many digits will remain unchanged?

(1) None

(2) One

(3) Three

(4) Two

(5) More than three

Directions (Qs.72-75): In each of the following questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by two Conclusions numbered I and II. Study the conclusions based on the given statement(s) and select the appropriate answer.

72. Statement: $Q \ge W > E \ge R = T < Y$

Conclusions: I. O > R

II. R < Y

(1) Only Conclusion I is true

(2) Only Conclusion II is true

(3) Either Conclusion I or II is true

(4) Neither Conclusion I nor II is true

(5) Both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are true

73.	Statement: $F = G < H \le J \ge K$ Conclusions: I. $H < L$ (1) Only Conclusion I is true (2) Only Conclusion II is true (3) Either Conclusion I or II is (4) Neither Conclusion I nor II (5) Both Conclusion I and Con	II. J > F true is true	
74.	Statements: $X < C \le V < B \le$ Conclusions: I. $C < H$	N; $T \le V > H$ II. $X > B$	
75.	Statements: $X < C \le V < B \le$ Conclusions: I. $T < N$	N; $T \le V > H$ II. $N > C$	
	ections (Qs.76-80): Study to stions given below:	the following information car	refully and answer the
`spe `to v `lead `high	certain code language, ak to higher authority' is writte ralue all leaders' is written as 'y ders speak higher' is written as ner above all conditions' is writte the codes are two letter codes	vd II rv ke' 'ma tc II' ten as 'ke ma nz wh	A
76.	What does the code 'll' stand f (1) higher (4) all	for in the given code language? (2) to (5) speak	(3) leaders
77.	What does the code 'nz' stand (1) higher (3) leaders	for in the given code language (2) either 'higher' or 'all' (4) either 'conditions' or 'abov	
78.	What is the code for 'higher' in (1) tc (4) rv	n the given code language? (2) ma (5) ll	(3) ke
79.	Which of the following repre	sents the code for 'value sp	eak' in the given code
	language? (1) tc yd (4) yd rv	(2) II tc (5) rv ke	(3) ke II
80.		epresent the code for 'all autho	ority given' in the given
	code language? (1) rv jo ka (4) wh ke ma	(2) jo ma sb (5) bs ke jo	(3) ke jo wh

Directions (Qs.81-85): Study the following arrangement carefully and answer the questions given below:

M 5 W * A 0 7 + D 0 0 f 1 @ N g D 8 A # H @ 2 V 8 II % 6 ¢ I 7

IVI D	W ~ A 9 / + R \(\O \Q \) E J \(\O \) \(\B \) L) & 4 # H @ 2 X 8 U % 6 \$ L Z	
81.		d from the given arrangement t ht end of the given arrangement (2) E (5) N	
82.	Which of the following is eight the left end of the given arran (1) + (4) R	th element to the left of the fou gement? (2) A (5) 7	orteenth element from
83.		e in the given arrangement between element from the right end? (2) Three (5) More than three	
84.		alike in a certain way based on tone of them does not belong to to (2) %\$6 (5) MW5	
85.		e there in the given arrangeme er and also immediately precede (2) One (5) More than four	
86.	an extreme end of the line. O	E – are sitting in a straight line nly two people sit between B ar to the immediate right of A. Wh (2) Immediate right (5) Can't say	nd E. Only one person
	ections (Qs.87-90): Study t stions given below:	the following information caref	fully and answer the
Poin Poin	t F is 5 metre to the west of t G is the mid-point of the stra	Point D. Point C is 17 metre to Point E. Point G is 25 metre to aight line formed by joining point N is 8 metre to the north of F	the south of Point F. ts H and M. Point M is
87.	Point Z is 5 metre to the east with respect to Point M? (1) 8 metre towards north (2) 8 metre towards south (3) 9 metre towards south (4) 9 metre towards west (5) 10 metre towards north	of Point C, how far and in which	ch direction is Point Z

88.	In which direction is Point H w (1) West (4) South-East	ith respect to Point E? (2) South (5) North East	(3) South-West
89.		nt E and also to the north of of the lengths of the lines form	
	(1) 30 metre (4) 40 metre	(2) 20 metre (5) 25 metre	(3) 15 metre
90.	What is the distance between (1) 8 metre (4) 10 metre	Points N and D? (2) 5 metre (5) 6 metre	(3) 9 metre
	ections (Qs.91-95): Study t stions given below:	the following information care	efully and answer the
		and N – graduated in eight on the state of t	
(No	te: No other person graduated	in any other month of the give	n year.)
thre peop	e people graduated between K	only 30 days in one of the mo and M. H graduated immediated N. As many people graduated	tely before M. Only two
91.	How many people graduated by (1) Three (4) Two	petween G and J? (2) None (5) More than three	(3) One
92.	In which of the following mont (1) July (4) May	ths did I graduate? (2) September (5) February	(3) April
93.	Who amongst the following gra(1) No one (4) G	aduated immediately before L? (2) I (5) K	(3) M
94.	Which of the following stateme (1) None of the given stateme (2) M graduated in December (3) N graduated immediately a (4) Only one person graduated (5) H graduated in a month ha	after G d between K and L	rangement?
95.	the given arrangement. To w pattern?	elated to February following a c hich of the following is N rela	ted following the same
	(1) December(4) July	(2) September(5) April	(3) November

96.	K is the mother of P. P is the of D. How is D related to S?	daughter of S. U is the fath	her of S and T. T is the uncle
	(1) Can't say (4) Father	(2) Niece (5) Daughter-in-law	(3) Son-in-law
97.	How many such pairs of letter as many letters between the directions) as they have between (1) One (4) None	nem in the word (in b	oth forward and backward
	ections (Qs.98-100): Study stions given below:	the following information	n carefully and answer the
left third betw	ertain number of people are sitt of D. Only five people sit betw d from one of the extreme end veen A and S. S sits at one of left of S.	reen A and J. P sits to the s of the line. As many Pe	e immediate right of J. P sits ople sit between P and D as
98.	Only one person sits between (1) Second to the right (2) Can't say (3) Second to the left (4) Fourth to the right (5) Fourth to the left	P and T. What is T's positi	on with respect to D?
99.	How many people are sitting in (1) 14 (2) 13 (3) 9 (4) 16 (5) 10	n the given line?	
100	arrangements? (A) J sits at one of positions to (B) More than seven people si (C) D sits fourth to the right o (1) Only C (2) Both B and C (3) Only A (4) All A, B and C (5) Both A and B	o the right of A t between S and D	ie with respect to the given

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ANSWER WITH EXPLANATION:

1. Ans (1): All (A), (B) and (C)

Take over = the act of taking control of something.

Over = higher than

Fight over= to fight a battle that decides who gets something.

2. Ans (3): Only (B) and (C)

A wait time is how long a patient waits for diagnostic test, surgery or treatment Wait (Verb) = kill time; stand by; be patient.

3. Ans (1): lower

Deeper (Adjective) = sound; closer; more profound; intense. **Lower (Adjective)** = cheaper, inferior; minor.

- 4. Ans (4): None of the given options
- 5. Ans (2): Only (A) and (B)
- 6. Ans (3): Only (A)
- 7. Ans (1): Make friends

8. Ans (2): little bit

Dash (Noun) = a small amount of something that you add to something else.

- 9. Ans (2): We often fail to properly appreciate friendship
- 10. Ans (3): All the given options can be concluded

11. Ans (2): No error

Anecdote = a short interesting story about a real person or event.

12. Ans (3): (D)

Perfect (Adjective) = exactly suitable or right.

Look at the sentences: You'd be perfect for the job.

The weather's just perfect for swimming.

Hence, perfect for the job... should be used here.

13. Ans (1): (A)

Here, singular noun i.e., It is a good idea Should be used.

14. Ans (4): (C)

Here, participle (Adjective form) i.e., government's proposed increment/increase should be used.

Proposed (Adjective) = (put forward a plan or suggestion) for consideration by others.

15. Ans (4): (B)

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Go to extremes = to do something much more than is usual or reasonable. Hence, went to extremes ... should be used here.

16. Ans (4): (D)

Response (Noun) = an answer or reaction to something. Here, question regarding polls should be used. The used of article 'a' is superfluous.

17. Ans (1): All (A), (B) and (C)

Due (Adjective) = expected to happen; owed as a debt **Dues** = the official payments.

Due diligence = reasonable steps taken by a person to avoid committing an offence or a tort.

Look at the sentence: Parents are at fault as well for not doing due diligence

18. Ans (4): come

Come up = arrive

Come = come (Past) \Rightarrow come (Past participle)

Come and go = antonymous relationship

19. Ans (3): costs

Cost (Verb) = to make you lose something

Spurn (Verb) = reject with disdain

Downturn (Noun) = a drop in the amount of business

20. Ans (3): confessed

Confess (Verb) = to admit that one has done something wrong

Agree (Verb) = to have the same opinion

21. Ans (1): according

According to = in a way that agrees with

22. Ans (1): impact

Impact (Noun) = an effect, an impression; the strong effect or influence that something has on a situation.

Affect (Verb) = to produce an effect upon.

23. Ans (4): productive

Productive (Adjective) = having positive results.

Vulnerable (Adjective) = able to be easily physically, emotionally or mentally hurt, influenced or attacked.

Barren (Adjective) = not good enough for plants to grow on.

24. Ans (5): affect

Affect (Verb) = to have an influence on somebody

Falter (Verb) = to become weak; to lose confidence.

Look: Subject + can + V_1

25. Ans (5): those avoiding

Those + Gerund + Noun

Hence, those avoiding risks.....

Should be used here.

26. Ans (1): No correction required

27. Ans (1): What makes it

Here, What makes it... should be used.

As a relative pronoun **what** means 'the things which'.

28. Ans (2): Which meet

Here, antecedent of relative pronoun 'which' is locations (Plural). Hence, plural verb i.e., which meet.... Should be used.

29. Ans (1): Let her children

Let (Verb) = to allow somebody to do something.

Exit (Noun) = a way out of a public building.

Exit (Verb) = to leave a place.

Hence, let her children should be used here.

30. Ans (4): No correction required

Eventually (Adverb) = in the end; finally.

Drop out = to stop doing something before you have completely finished.

31. Ans (1): 500

5% of A = 4% of B

A : B = 4 : 5

∴ Shirts produced on Tuesday $=\frac{5}{9} \times 900 = 500$

32. Ans (4): 4:1

M: W = 5: 1 = 40:8

Milk and water taken out = 10/ and 2/

 $\therefore \text{ Ratio of Milk and water} = (40 - 10) : (8 - 2 + 1)$

33. Ans (4): 50

The sum of digits of X = 11The numbers are 29, 38, 47, 56

Reverse of X - X = 63

.. Only 29 gives difference 63

 $\therefore \text{ Required value} = 29 + 21 = 50$

34. Ans (2): 24000

Ratio of equivalent capitals of A and B for 1 month = $3 \times 8 : 12 = 2 : 1$

 $\therefore \text{ Total profit } = \frac{3}{1} \times 8000 = Rs.24000$

35. Ans (1): 3200

Amount invested in mutual fund = $\frac{28 \times 40000}{100}$ = Rs.11200

Remaining salary = 40000 - 11200 = Rs.28800

Expenditure on groceries = $\frac{4}{8} \times 28800 = Rs.14400$

∴ Required difference = (14400 - 11200) = Rs.3200

36. Ans (1): 56

$$\frac{? \times 600}{100} + 64 = 400 \Rightarrow ? \times 6 = 400 - 64 = 336 \Rightarrow ? = \frac{336}{6} = 56$$

37. Ans (2): 75
$$\frac{3300}{?} + \sqrt{961} = 75 \Rightarrow \frac{3300}{?} + 31 = 75 \Rightarrow \frac{3300}{?} = 75 - 31 = 44 \Rightarrow ? = \frac{3300}{44} = 75$$

38. Ans (2):
$$6\frac{1}{4}$$

$$? = 9\frac{7}{12} + 1\frac{1}{6} - 4\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow (9 + 1 - 4) + \frac{7}{12} + \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2} = 6 + \frac{7 + 2 - 6}{12} = 6 + \frac{3}{12} = 6 + \frac{1}{4} = 6\frac{1}{4}$$

39. Ans (3): 142

$$186 \times 1.5 - 3^4 = ? + 56 \Rightarrow 279 - 81 = ? + 56 \Rightarrow ? = 279 - 81 - 56 = 142$$

40. Ans (5): 97

$$? = \frac{900 - 8^3}{4} = \frac{900 - 512}{4} \Rightarrow \frac{388}{4} = 97$$

41. Ans (1): 280

$$\frac{84 \times 500}{100} - \frac{25 \times ?}{100} = 350 \Rightarrow 420 - \frac{?}{4} = 350 \Rightarrow \frac{?}{4} = 420 - 350 = 70$$

$$\Rightarrow \therefore ? = 70 \times 4 = 280$$

42. <u>Ans (1): 23</u>

$$\frac{\sqrt{729}}{\frac{2}{2+3^3}} = 0.54 \Rightarrow \frac{27}{\frac{2}{2+27}} = 0.54 \Rightarrow ?+27 = \frac{27}{0.54} = 50 \Rightarrow ?-50 - 27 = 23$$

43. Ans (2): 8

$$96 - 14 \times 6 + 2 \times ? = 28 \Rightarrow 96 - 84 + 2 \times ? = 28$$

 $\Rightarrow 12 + 2 \times ? = 28 \Rightarrow 2 \times ? = 28 - 12 = 16$
 $? = \frac{16}{2} = 8$

$$\frac{5}{27-?} = \frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow \frac{5}{27-?} = \frac{3+2}{8} = \frac{5}{8} \Rightarrow 27-? = 8 \Rightarrow ? = 27-8=19$$

45. Ans (1): 12.6

$$\frac{?+2.8+5.6}{35-21}=15 \Rightarrow ?+8.4=15 \times 1.4=21 \Rightarrow ?=21-8.4=12.6$$

$$2^{10} \div 2^{?} \div 2^{14} = \sqrt{256} \Rightarrow \frac{2^{10}}{2^{?} \times 2^{14}} = 16 = 2^{4} \Rightarrow 2^{?} \times 2^{14} \times 2^{4} = 2^{10} \Rightarrow 2^{?} \times 2^{18} = 2^{10}$$
$$2^{?} = 2^{10-18} = 2^{-8} \Rightarrow ? = -8$$

47. Ans (3): 49

$$(63-?)\times 15=210 \Rightarrow 63-?=\frac{210}{15}=14 \Rightarrow ?=63-14=49$$

48. Ans (1): 300

Perimeter of square = 60 cm

- ∴ Side of square = 60/4 = 15 cm
- \therefore Diagonal of square = $15\sqrt{2}cm$ = Length of rectangle
- \therefore Area of rectangle = $(15\sqrt{2} \times 10\sqrt{2}) = 300$ sq.cm

49. Ans (3): 30

Ratio of the efficiencies of A and B = 3:2

∴ Respective ratio of time taken = 2:3

$$\therefore \frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{3x} = \frac{1}{24} \Rightarrow \frac{3+2}{6x} = \frac{1}{24} \Rightarrow 6x = 5 \times 24 \Rightarrow 6x = 5 \times 24 \Rightarrow x = \frac{5 \times 24}{6} = 20$$

50. Ans (2): 200

Let the marked price of item be Rs. x

$$\therefore x \times \frac{80}{100} \times \frac{80}{100} = 3200 \Rightarrow x = \frac{3200 \times 100}{8 \times 8} = 5000$$

Discount = (5000 - 3200) = Rs.1800

Again, Discount of
$$40\% = \frac{5000 \times 40}{100} = Rs.2000$$

∴ Required difference = 2000 - 1800 = Rs.200

51. Ans (3): 3:7

Required ratio = 66:(95+59)=66:154=3:7

52. Ans (5): 80

Books sold by store C: May \Rightarrow 117; July \Rightarrow 65

Books sold by store C: May
$$\Rightarrow$$
 117; July \Rightarrow 65
 \therefore Required percent = $\left(\frac{117-65}{65}\right) \times 100 = \frac{52}{65} \times 100 = 80\%$

Required answer = $96 \times \frac{3}{4} = 72$

54. <u>Ans (3): 45</u> Required difference = (80 + 100) - (60 + 75) = 180 - 135 = 45

Required average = $\frac{120 + 82 + 89}{3} = \frac{291}{3} = 97$

56. Ans (1): 90

Speed of boat in still water = $\left(\frac{1000 \times 2.5}{100}\right) = 25 \text{ kmph}$

 \therefore Rate upstream of boat = (25 - 2.5) 22.5 kmph

 \therefore Distance covered in 4 hours = $4 \times 22.5 = 90$ km

For (Qs.57-59):

Total number of shoes = $\frac{100}{25} \times 50 = 200$

 \therefore Total Gents: Total ladies = 100 : 60 \Rightarrow 5 : 3

$$\therefore \text{ Gents } = \frac{5}{8} \times 200 = 125 \text{ and Ladies } = \frac{3}{8} \times 200 = 75$$

Day	Gents	Ladies		
Saturday	75	40		
Sunday	50	35		

57. Ans (2): 60

Total pairs of shoes sold on Sunday = 50 + 35 = 85 pairs Total pairs of shoes sold on Monday = 85 - 25 = 60 pairs

58. Ans (1): 15:8

Required ratio = 75:40=15:8

59. Ans (4): 20000

Required revenue = (50×400) = Rs.20000

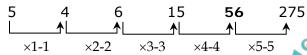
60. Ans (3): 33600

5	40	280	1680	8400	33600
L	_ ↑ L	_ ^ I	∱L	^ I	
×8	×7	×€			×4

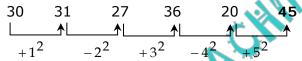
61. Ans (5): 75

20	10	10	15	30	75
	^L	^L	^L	^I	
×0.	.5 >	<1	×1.5	×2	×2.5

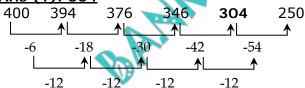
62. Ans (5): 56



63. Ans (2): 45



64. Ans (1): 304



65. Ans (3): 50

Speed of car: Speed of motor cycle = 150 : 100 = 3 : 2

∴ Distance covered by motorcycle =
$$\frac{2}{5} \times 125 = 50 \text{ km}$$

66. Ans (1): 738

714 852 623 **837** 186

Second largest number = $837 \Rightarrow 738$

67. Ans (5): 12

741 852 632 873 861

Second lowest number = 741

Required sum = 7 + 4 + 1 = 12

68. Ans (3): One

$$417 \Rightarrow 4 + 7 = 11 > 1$$

 $258 \Rightarrow 2 + 8 = 10 > 5$
 $326 \Rightarrow 3 + 6 = 9 > 2$
 $738 \Rightarrow 7 + 8 = 15 > 3$

$$681 \Rightarrow 6 + 1 = 7 < 8$$

69. Ans (2): One

70. Ans (2): 6

Second highest number \Rightarrow **6**81 Third lowest number \Rightarrow **41**7 Required product = $6 \times 1 = 6$

71. Ans (2): One

7	2	8	1	9	5	3	4	6
9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

The position of only 3 remains unchanged.

72. Ans (5): both Conclusion I and Conclusion I are true

Statement: $Q \ge W > E \ge R = T < Y$ Conclusions: I. Q > R () II. R < Y

73. Ans (2): only Conclusion II is true

Statement: $F = G < H \le J \ge K > L$ Conclusions: I. H < L(x) II. $I > F(\checkmark)$

74. Ans (4): neither Conclusion I nor II is true

Statements: $C \le V > H$; $X \le C \le V < B$ Conclusions: I. $C \le H$ (x) II. X > B (x)

75. Ans (5): both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are true

Statements: $T \le V < B \le N$; $N \ge B > V \ge C$ Conclusions: I. T < N (\checkmark) II. N > C (\checkmark)

For (Qs.76-80):

Word	leaders	to	higher	speak	authority	all	value	above/conditions
Code	II	rv	ma	tc	jo	ke	yd	nz/wh

76. Ans (3): leaders

The code for 'leaders' is II'.

77. Ans (4): either 'conditions' or 'above'

'nz' is the code for either 'above' or 'conditions'.

78. Ans (2): ma

The code for 'higher' is 'ma'.

79. Ans (1): tc yd

The code for 'value' is 'yd'. The code for 'speak' is 'tc'.

80. Ans (5): bs ke jo

The code for 'all' is 'ke'. The code for 'authority' is 'jo'. The code for 'given' may be 'bs'

81. Ans (5): N

The new sequence: M 5 W A 9 7 R Q J N D 4 H 2 X 8 U 6 L Z 11^{th} element from the right end \Rightarrow N

82. Ans (3): 9

8th element to the left of the 14th element from the left end means 6th element from the left end i.e., 9

83. Ans (2): Three

 5^{th} element from the left end \Rightarrow A 10^{th} element from the right end \Rightarrow @ Numbers between A and @: 9 7 4

84. Ans (4): Ο£Ω

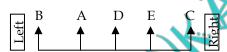
$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 4_{+2} & \rightarrow H_{-1} & \rightarrow \#/\%_{+2} & \rightarrow \$_{-1} & \rightarrow 6/*_{+2} & \rightarrow 9_{-1} & \rightarrow A/M_{+2} & \rightarrow W_{-1} & \rightarrow 5 \\ \end{array}$$
But, $Q_{+1} \rightarrow \pounds_{-2} \rightarrow \Omega$

85. Ans (1): Three

Number/Symbol/Letter

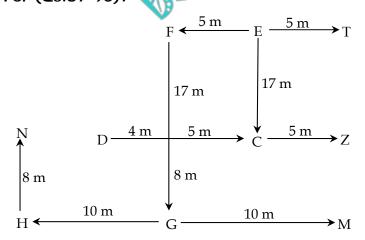
Such combinations are: 7 + R, 4 # H, 6 \$ 1

86. Ans (1): Second to the right



C sits second to the right of D.

For (Qs.87-90):



87. Ans (1): 8 metre towards north

MZ = 8 metre, Point Z is to the north of Point M.

88. Ans (3): South-West

Point H is in South-West direction of Point E.

89. Ans (2): 20 metre

FT = (5 + 5) = 10 metre

HG = 10 metre

Required sum = (10 + 10) = 20 metre

90. Ans (5): 6 metre

ND = (10 - 4) = 6 metre

For (Qs.91-95):

$\frac{1}{1}$ (23.71-73).				
Month	Person			
February	L			
April	K			
May	I			
June	J			
July	Н			
September	М			
November	G			
December	N			



91. Ans (4): Two

Two persons – H and M – were graduated between J and G.

92. Ans (4): May

I did his graduation in May.

93. Ans (1): No one

94. Ans (3): N graduated immediately after G

M graduated in September.

K graduated immediately after L.

H graduated in July (31 days).

95. Ans (2): September

M graduated in September. J graduated in June.

Only one person graduated between J and M.

Therefore, N graduated in December which is related to September

96. Ans (1): Can't say

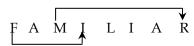
$$U (+)$$

$$\mid K (-) \iff S (+) \longrightarrow T (+)$$

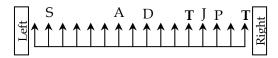
$$\mid P (-) \longrightarrow D$$

Gender of D is not known.

97. Ans (2): Two



For (Qs.98-100):



98. Ans (2): Can't say

T is either third or seventh to the right of D.

99. Ans (4): 16

16 persons are sitting in the line.

100. Ans (3): Only A

Only six persons sit between S and D. D sits fourth to the left of J.

Therefore, only (A) is true.

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